CCHD Screening in the NICU: New Jersey's Experience



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CCHD Screening in New Jersey

Includes NICU

- No opt out for confirmed prenatal diagnosis
- No opt out for echocardiogram prior to screening



Characteristics of Failed Screens*

- Protocol adherence
- Gestational age
- Prenatal diagnosis
- Echo prior to screening



*As reported to the NJ Birth Defects Registry through 12/31/13



Characteristics of Failed Screens

Location

• 61% (n=84) in NICU/SCN

Gestational Age

- 64% (n=54) term
- 20% (n=17) preterm/premature (<37 weeks; 1000-2500 gms)
- 16% (n =13) extremely premature (<1000 grams)

Protocol Adherence

37% followed the recommended NJ algorithm*

*upper and lower values obtained, 1-3 screens as appropriate for cut-off values although screening intervals varied and did not necessarily adhere to 1 hour apart.





3 Criteria

- Prenatal diagnosis of CCHD,
- Signs/symptoms at the time of the screen, or
- Cardiac consult or echocardiogram ordered or conducted prior to the screen



Of the 20 infants in NICU whose diagnostic evaluation *was* attributable to failed POxS

- CCHD = 0
- CHD = 2
- Other significant conditions = 0
- PFO/PDA as only finding = 7
- No known reason for failed screen= 11



Of the 64 NICU infants whose diagnostic evaluation *was not* attributable to failed POxS

- 72% (n = 46) had either a prenatal diagnosis or echo prior to the screen
 - 28% (n=18) had prenatal diagnosis of CCHD
 - 63% (n=40) had an echo prior to the screen
 - 19% (n=12) had both a prenatal diagnosis of CCHD and an echo prior to the screen



Characteristics of **11** infants with no known reason for failed POxS

- Time of screening ranged from day 1 week 5.
- Gestational age -5 term, 5 preterm, 1 extremely preterm
- Protocol adherence- 2
- Kemper vs. NJ protocol
 - 6 would have passed Kemper (5 would fail both protocols)



- Characteristics of **17 preterm** infants
- Time of screening ranged from day 1 month 3.
- Pre-echo- 8
- Protocol adherence- 6
- Kemper vs. NJ protocol
 - 4 would have passed Kemper (13 would fail both protocols)



- Characteristics of 13 extremely preterm infants
- Time of screening ranged from day 9 month 5.
- Pre-echo- 10
- Protocol adherence- 5
- Kemper vs. NJ protocol
 - 1 would have passed Kemper (12 would fail both protocols)



NJ NICU Survey 2/2013: When do you screen?

- 15% (3) 24-48 hours after birth regardless of medical status.
- 50% (10) At a minimum of 24 h of age, timing variable.
- 35% (7) Just prior to discharge home.



NJ NICU Survey 2/2013: Variable Timing of Screen

- Medically stable w/o O2, screened at 24-48 h: 57% (8)
- If unstable and/or on O2 before 48 h, as soon as possible when medically stable w/o oxygen after 48 h: 57% (8)
- If unstable and/or on O2 before 48 h, anytime after 48 h when stable w/o oxygen: 14% (2)
- Other -14% (2)
 - Closer to discharge (1)
 - When on oxygen at 24-48h and again when off (1)



NICU Working Group

Questions for discussion:

- Do all NICU infants need to be screened?
- When to screen extreme preterm infants?
- Should infants who are receiving supplemental oxygen be screened?
- Does echocardiogram rule out the need for pulse ox screening?
- Screening vs. monitoring in the NICU? Screening before transfers?
- Is protocol applicable to all levels of SCN/NICUs?
- Communication of results to PCP?



Variable NICU Screening Practices

Practice variation-examples from reported hospital practices and other state rules

- All at 24 hours-48 hours
- For asymptomatic NICU infants admitted at gestational age (GA) greater than or equal to 34 weeks, CCHD screening may be attempted at 24 to 48 hours of age
- All regardless of echo.
- All babies in the NICU prior to discharge unless they had a known defect that is under treatment. We do not count early echos for PDA's as ruling out CCHD.
- All at the same time as the car seat.
- All close to discharge
- Out of the incubator x 24 hours
- No respiratory issues x 24 hours
- Stable and all/mostly PO feedings
- Must be at least 35 weeks and off of any support
- Must be off oxygen for at least 24 hours
- For NICU infants admitted at GA less than 34 weeks, CCHD screening may be deferred until the predischarge period and cohorted with other newborn screening, e.g. hearing screening, and bloodspot metabolic screening.
- Perform screening on foot only. If 90-95%, then screen right hand.



Variable NICU Screening Practices

Screening Exclusions-examples from reported hospital practices and other state rules

- If the patient had a cardiac echo and CHD has been ruled out the physician can write an order for no screening.
- Exclude those with known defects and echo done already.
- If there is a confirmed cardiac issue and the baby was already being followed by peds cardiology.
- There are situations in which CCHD screening may not be indicated and a physician override is appropriate:
- Clinical evaluation and prior echocardiogram have already ruled out CCHD. The ductus arteriosus should be reported as closed or not present on that echocardiogram study.
- The newborn has confirmed CCHD on pre-natal testing
- The newborn has confirmed CCHD on post-natal testing, e.g. echocardiogram
- If the baby is going home on oxygen an ECHO should be completed to rule out CCHD, screening is not performed on babies on oxygen.
- For any baby in the NICU less than 8 days, screen using the standard protocol, in room air, prior to discharge. For all other patients in the NICU more than 7 days, screening with pre and post ductal oximetry is not required.
- We are screening only those babies who are being discharged to home < 7 days of life. Of those babies, we only screen those who have not had a cardiac echo.



NICU Working Group recommendations

- No changes; continue current protocol
- Limited research on NICU screening
- Further study warranted



What is optimal NICU Screening Protocol?

Possible collaborative study?



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